PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

Tenth Annual Encampment

OF THE

DEPARTMENT OF TEXAS,

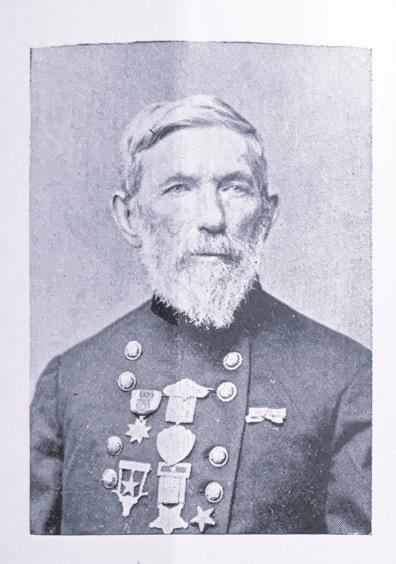
Grand Army of the Republic

CONVENED IN

The City of Waco, Texas,

April 22, 23 & 24, 1895.

PRESS OF G. F. SIGMUND, 1895.



Yours in J.C. and L. R.M. Moore Leon, Dept. of Texas J. AR.



PROCEEDINGS OF THE ENCAMPMENT.

FIRST DAY.

PARADE AND RECEPTION.

The Tenth Annual Encampment of the Department of Texas of the Grand Army of the Republic demonstrated the fact that the people, year by year, appreciate more and more the value of the services of those who maintained the unity of our government, and rejoice that we are one grand Republic, and not a half a dozen rival confederacies. It showed conclusively, also, that they who fought, in our late war, to sever this government, are now really glad that they failed, and that the Grand Army was successful in its defense of our one flag, that floats to-day in beauty and glory over our entire Republic.

While there was less bunting than usual at our Annual Encampments, there was, what was better, a closer touch of elbow to elbow, of heart to heart by the Blue and the Gray.

This encampment was especially fortunate in having the Commander in Chief, Gen. T. G. Lawler, and his Adjutant, Gen. C. C. Jones, both of Rockford, Ill., and Gen. W. P. Hepburn, an aid-de-camp from Ia., present, as well as that charming womanly woman, Mrs. Emma R. Wallace of Chicago, president of the National W. R. C.,

and her no less charming mother, Mrs. C. E. Gilson,

known as the grand-mother of the G. A. R.

Gen. Lawler is a splendid type of the soldier of our late war, irrepressible in good nature, fertile in resources, and always buoyant in courage, one of the boys, always better than a band of music in any command. And that pure feminine, spiritual face of Mrs. Wallace is a benign sunshine.

Headquarters were at the Pacific Hotel that displayed a genuine welcome in decorations for the occasion, and there the Commander-in-Chief and staff, and Department Commander and staff were the recipients of many courtesies from some of the leading citizens of Waco. Gen. Lawler was quartered there, while Gen. Moore accepted the hospitality of his old pastor, the Rev. M. A. Daugherty, a resident of Waco.

THE PARADE.

The parade was in charge of Col. W. A. Carnahan of Davy Crockett Post of Waco, as chief marshal, while the column of the Grand Army was commanded by Col. W. H. Robinson, Adjutant General of the Department of Texas, a position for which his long service in the United States Army, dating several years before the war, and continued up, almost to the present time, had so well fitted him.

The column was formed at 2 P. M., the 22nd of April, opposite the court house, and moved in the following order:

At the head of the column rode the chief of police, Sam. S. Hall, with 12 mounted policemen; 2nd, Waco brass band with 50 pieces; 3rd, Commander-in-Chief and staff, Gen. Lawler and Gens. Jones and Hepburn in a carriage; 4th, Gen. Moore, Department Commander, Col. E. L.

Witman of his staff, Gen. W. H. Harvey, Junior Vice-Com-Witman of the Department Com-mander, and John H. Williams of the Department Commander, and Department Com-mander's regiment, 117 Illinois, in a carriage; 5th, Gen. John Roch, Senior Vice-Commander, Department Chaplain John Roch, and others, in a carriage; 6th, President T. K. Crowley, and others, Walland Walland of the National W. R. C., Mrs. Wallace and her mother, Mrs. Gilson, in a carriage; 7th, the guard of honor, the Baylor Cadets, infantry and artillery, commanded by Baylor B. B. Buck of the United States Army; 8th, Waco Light Guards, Capt. A. H. Miller; 9th, Drum Corps of Waco and Drum Corps of G. A. R.; 10th, Mayor Mc-Culloch and city council in carriages in front of column of the G. A. R. and Confederate Veterans led by one each from the Davy Crockett Post and Pat. Cleburne Picket, walking arm in arm under the command of Col. Robinson, column 1,100 strong; 11th, the column of the UNITED AMERICAN VETERANS, composed of the Blue and the Gray, under the command of Gen. J. T. Harris, Ex-Cofederate, assisted by Col. W. H. Christian, Ex-Federal; 12th, Mexican War Veterans in carriages; 13th, brass band of 30 pieces; 14th, Grand Lodge of the Sons of Herman, marching by lodges, led by their officers in carriages; 15th, Waco singing societies; 16th, students of Baylor University, public and private schools, Hill's and Toby's Business Colleges, and Kinder Garden pupils in carriages; 17th, Mrs. Annie M. Wingrove, President of the W. R. C. of Texas, and staff, and other ladies of that corps in carriages; 18th, Waco Fire Department in uniform, engines, wagons and carts splendidly decorated with flags and flowers, commanded by the Chief, A. M. Prescott; 19th, Waco Commercial Club, led by the President, Col. Sam Sanger; 20th, the Waco Cotton Palace Directory, led by its President, Col. S. W. Slayden.

There had been a gentle rain the night previous, and the air was cool and bracing, and the streets were clean, and Waco was at her best, and did her best. The parade was a splendid display, all the citizens of Waco and the Grand Army could have desired, and was a spectacular proof of how much had been done in healing the nation's wounds.

The parade closed in front of the city hall after marching through several of the beautiful streets of Waco.

The United American Veterans met in Council after the parade, Gen. Harris presiding, the object being to cement more closely the ties of the ex-soldiers of both sides. The fraternal feeling was such as no one could have predicted thirty years ago, when Lee surrendered to Grant at Appomattox, and it proves that the American soldiers can let the dead past bury its dead, and for this spirit the Grand Army of Texas is greatly indebted to Gen. J. T. Harris.

RECEPTION.

The reception took place in the city hall at 8 P. M., Col. H. E. Conger, Commander of Davy Crockett Post, in the chair. The hall—a large one—was filled to its utmost capacity with a very intelligent and appreciative audience. On the stage with the presiding officer were the speakers, Mayor C. C. McCulloch, Capt. J. D. Shaw, Gens. Lawler, Jones and Hepburn, Moore and Harris, and Mrs. Wallace. Besides these also were the Past Department Commanders of Texas, and Department officers of the G. A. R. and also ladies of the W. R. C., Mrs. Wingrove and others, including Mrs. Wallace's mother, Mrs. Gilson.

The hall smiled with the badges of welcome.

The exercises were opened by prayer by the Rev. M.

A. Daugherty, a minister of the M. E. Church. Col.

Conger in a brief but appropriate speech then introduced

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Mayor McCulloch, who welcomed the members of the

Mayor McCulloch, who welcomed the ladies of the Relief

Grand Army of Texas, as well as the ladies of the Relief

Corps to Waco. In strong and cordial words he assured

them that Waco opened her heart, as well as her gates, to
them that Waco opened her heart, as well as her gates, to
the nation's defenders, along with their wives and daughters, and bade them enjoy her hospitality in the fullest

measure.

Class the Commander of Pat. Cleburge Birlet

Capt. Shaw, the Commander of Pat. Cleburne Picket, was next introduced, and delivered a more extended address, saying in substance:

While I did my best for the 'Lost Cause,' I am here to say to you victors, that flag is now our flag; it is now the symbol of our common country from Texas to Maine. And while I honestly believed in the cause for which I fought, but which is now no more, and did my best to maintain it, I am here to congratulate you, the Grand Army, as well as myself, and all who were with me, and all who make up this great nation to-day, that we are one people, one government, under one flag."

The Department Commander, Gen. R. M. Moore, was then called on to respond to these words of welcome, and replied in part:

"I am glad to be here to-night to see what we see, and hear what we have heard. And I can assure his Honor the Mayor and Capt. Shaw and this large intelligent audience of Waco that the members of the Grand Army of Texas fully appreciate this magnificent reception, and as fully reciprocate the kind feelings expressed by both speakers. * * * * * * **

And in conclusion, turning to Gen. Lawler, he said further:

When the war closed the real soldiers on both sides quit fighting; and those only, who did not fight, or did quit fighting; and their reputations were in danger, or did so little that they felt their reputations were in danger, so little that they soldiers on both sides were have continued the war. The soldiers on both sides were have continued the glad when peace came, and we went home to convert our glad when peace came, and our spears into me glad when peace our spears into pruning swords into plowshares, and our spears into pruning tradellow me to say further, that the constraints hooks. And allow me to say further, that the Grand Army men in the South have fought a harder battle since Army men in the past thirty years, than any during the war, the war, in the past thirty years, than any during the war. It has been a battle for peace; it was to win the respect and love of those who fought us, for this our flag, as it waves here to-night. And the demonstration to-day, waves here to high waves here to high with thousands of school children in our line under our with thousands of school children in our line under our flag, and our parade a year ago at Dublin with all the flag, and our particle of that city in line, and with twenty-four school children of that city in line, and Blue of the school children of that city in line, and Blue of the school children of that city in line, and Blue of the school children of that city in line, and blue of the school children of that city in line, and with twenty-four young ladies, dressed in Red, White and Blue, daughters of Ex-Confederates, marching with us, bearing our flag as their flag, are proofs that we have fought a good fight. It proves that they, who fought us thirty years ago, are as ready to defend our common flag as we who bore it triumphantly through the war."

Gen. Lawler then responded in a speech which elicited enthusiastic applause, and refuted the statement that the Grand Army was a political organization. It was composed of union soldiers who served in the war of secession, soldiers without regard to politics or religion. He had seen the star spangled banner flying over the school-houses of the South. He believed the union sentiment and love for the flag was fully restored.

Congressman H. P. Hepburn of Iowa in an eloquent speech described the charge of Texans at Corinth and the burial of Col. Rogers, who commanded the Texas advance and died on the breastworks, Gen. Rosecranz giving the gallant soldier's corpse the honors of war. Tremendous applause greeted Congressman Hepburn's speech.

Commodore A. L. Lowe of the Dupont Naval Association, and a member of Parmly Post No. 4 of Fort Worth, tion, and account of naval battles and told of the prospects of organizing a Texas naval militia.

Gen. J. T. Harris delivered an address fraught with sentiments of the good feeling and hope for the future in

the perfect reconciliation of the Blue and Gray.

The closing address of the meeting to-night was made by Mrs. Emma R. Wallace, the national president of the Woman's Relief Corps. As she began she wittily said it was not her fault that she, womanlike, was to have the last word. Mrs. Wallace said the Order numbers 140,000 and has disbursed in relief of veterans \$1,013,500. She urged the placing of the national flag on the school-houses and inculcating in the hearts and minds of the children lessons of patriotic love for the union.

A male quartette and lady musicians sang and gave instrumental music between the addresses.



Roll of the 10th Annual Department Encampment.

DEPARTMENT OFFICERS.

- MOORE	Dep't Commander,	San Antonio
R. M. MOORE,	Sr. Vice-Commander,	Dublis Dublis
JOHN ROCH,	Jr. Vice-Commander, Medical Director,	Belton
		Austin
J. J. GASSER, M. D REV. T. K. CROWLEY,	Dep't Chaplain.	Don
REV. T. K. CROWLET,	Ass't Adj't General,	Denison
W. H. ROBINSON,		San Antonio
JOHN L. BOYD,		Dallas
E. L. WITMAN,		Denison
*H. W. NYE	Ass't Judge Adv. General.	Ft. Worth
A. MoWHIRK	Chief Mustering Officer,	Dallas
*M. J. KEATING,	Senior Aid-de-Camp,	San Antonio
III. O		

COUNCIL OF ADMINISTRATION.

*J. E. STRINGER,	Denton
*S. H. BUCHANAN,	El Paso
	Waco
H. E. CONGER,	
H. T. RUE,	Houston
*M. V. BRIDGES,	
III. I. DILLO CONT.	

PAST DEPARTMENT COMMANDERS.

*W, D, WYLIE,	Dallas
*O. T. LYON,	Sherman
*W. H. St. CLAIR,	Galveston
†J. C. DEGRESS,	Austin
*A. G. MALLOY,	Dallas
*A. K. TAYLOR,	Houston
M. W. MANN.	Dallas
O G PETERSON	Springtown
JOHN W. PARKS,	Dallas

^{*} Not present. † Dead.

SECOND DAY.

The Tenth Annual Encampment of the Department of Texas G. A. R. was opened in the City Hall at 9 A. M., Texas G. A. R. was opened in the City Hall at 9 A. M., April 23rd, 1895, by Commander R. M. Moore in due form. Comrade W. A. Carnahan of Post 70, Officer of the Day, and comrade Dayton, Officer of the Guard, the Senior and Junior Vice-Commanders, Gens. John Roch and W. H. Harvey being seated on the platform with Gens. Mann, Peterson and Parks, Past Department Commanders, and where were seated also the Medical Director, Dr. J. J. Gasser, and the Department Chaplain, the Rev. T. K. Crowley.

After the Officer of the Day had completed his examination of those present and had reported all present members of the Grand Army, in the temporary absence from the hall of the Department Chaplain, Father Crowley, comrade John H. Williams of Davy Crockett Post, and also a member of Commander Moore's regiment, the 117th Illinois, by request led in prayer.

The Commander finding that the Ass't Adj't General needed an assistant appointed comrade T. W. Manchester of Parmly Post No. 4 as his assistant.

Adjutant General Robinson thereupon called the roll of delegates by Posts, and delegates answered as follows:

Post 1, A. K. Johnson, Sherman.

Post 2, D. Cahone, J. E. Keenan and R. P. Sargent, Galveston.

Post 3, E. Mayer and W. H. Robinson, San Antonio.

Post 3, T. W. Manchester and C. B. Grabe, Fort Worth.

Post 4, W. D. Kretzinger, James Kater, E. L. Witman, S. F. Clark, L. B. Moore, H. Hume, J. L. Tygard, S.

Proud and W. W. Bostwick, Denison.

Post 6, J. R. Harvard, W. F. Cottman, A. S. Thatcher, A. McWhirk, A. Brownlee, F. Millner, J. W. Parks and

J. M. Steere, Dallas.

Post 9, H. T. Rue and J. D. Billow, Houston.

Post 10, A. Girard, J. J. Gasser, P. Scott and W. J.

Bassett, Austin.

Post 11, L. C. Leeds, John L. Boyd, M. W. Mann, A. Metzler, G. McKay, G. W. McCormick and F. O. Brown, Dallas.

Post 13, H. C. Adler, Terrell.

Post 21, J. Paul, John Rainwater, R. H. Ford, J. A.

Simmons and R. L. Ferguson, Temple.

Post 23, R. Vermillion and J. R. Lewis, Denton.

Post 25, C. S. Jones, W. P. Fleming and G. A. Jones,

Georgetown.

Post 40, F. M. Hyatt, W. H. Harvey and J. L. Taylor,

Belton.

Post 48, J. Stoddard, Jacksboro.

Post 53, H. Welch, Jefferson.

Post 55, John Sullivan, W. D. Rowe, J. C. Russell,

J. S. Weaver, J. Roch, W. H. Christian, J. W. Andrus,

H. W. Andrews, Dublin.

Post 56, William Wilson and O. G. Peterson, Spring-

town.

Post 69, W. H. Combs, San Angelo.

Post 70, H. E. Conger, W. A. Carnahan, A. Hoeffner,

F. M. Shick and J. McCune, Waco.

N. E. Grindstoff, Poolville.

The committee on delegates, W. H. Robinson, E. L. Witman and W. A. Carnahan, reported the list as called correct.

Number answering, 79.

Number answering, 79.

The Quartermaster General, John L. Boyd, then read his report, viz:

REPORT OF THE QUARTERMASTER GENERAL.

CASH ACCOUNT.

Balance on hand March 31, 1894. Per capita tax Supplies	708 90	45
DISBURSEMENTS.		
DISBORISHMEN 18.		
Expense		

Expense		\$873	52
		48	81
Cash on hand		150	36
Total\$1072	69	\$1072	69

SUPPLY ACCOUNT.

On hand March 31, 1894 Louis Wagner John W. Burst J. C. Bigger, returned Gain Supplies sold. Supplies on hand Supplies condemned and destroyed	10 14 22	23 92 14 75 28	\$107 155 4	
Total	\$267	42	\$267	42

ASSETS.

Cash on hand		
Cumliag	\$150	36
Supplies	150	80
Wainwright Post, No. 72	15	50
Burnside Post, No. 56.	1	50
Department banner	54	50
Headquarters office furniture	30	00
One pair horns	35	00
Total,	_	

The statement of expenses for the year ending April 20, 1895, showed a total expenditure of \$922.33.

The indebtedness of Posts of per capita tax is as follows: Houston The indebtedness of Fost, No. 69, \$4.50; Crockett Post, No. 68, \$4.50; Merrick Post, No. 69, \$4.50; Crockett Post, No. 71, \$3.00. Total, \$18.00. 70, \$6.00; Ransom Post, No. 71, \$3.00. Total, \$18.00.

Appended to Quartermaster General Boyd's report is the following report of the committee:

> HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF TEXAS, GRAND ARMY OF THE REPUBLIC, WACO, TEXAS, April 23, 1895.

Commander and Comrades:

We, your committee on reports of officers other than Commander and Ass't Adj't General, beg leave to report that we have carefully examined the Quartermaster General's report, and compared with the books, and find them correct and well kept. We respectfully recommend that Hooker Post, No. 68, \$4.50; Merrick Post, No. 69, \$4.50, Crockett Post, No. 70, \$6.00; Ransom Post, No. 71, \$3.00, be remitted.

JOHN ROCH, W. H. CHRISTIAN, JOHN SULLIVAN.

The report as read was accepted and referred to the committee designated in general orders No. 9, John Roch, W. H. Christian and W. H. Combs.

The Adjutant General, W. H. Robinson, read his report, which was referred to E. L. Witman, W. H. Harvey, T. K. Crowley and W. W. Bostwick, with instruction to eliminate some portions.

REPORT OF THE ASSISTANT ADJUTANT GENERAL.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF TEXAS, G. A. R.,) SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, April 22, 1895.

R. M. Moore, Department Commander, D. of T., G. A. R.,

DEAR SIR AND COMRADE: I beg leave to submit the following as a report due from this office to the 10th Annual Encampment of this Department.

MEMBERSHIP.

In good standing as per report of A. A. G., Dec. 31st, 1893, 56 Posts, 1,457 members.

Statement for 1st Term, ending June 30th, 1894. GAINS.

ngter in, for	79 9
Reinstated, reports,	8
Total,	98
	16
By death,	3
	13
	35
av suspens - blo discharge,	8
3y dishonorable discharge,	312
Da delling a	187

Showing 1,068 in good standing on the report of June 30th, 1894. A supplemental report was forwarded to National Headquarters, showing 3 more Posts of 76 comrades, making a total of 1,144.

Statement for 2nd Term, ending December 31st, 1894. GAINS.

By muster in,	25
Pageived on transfer,	14
n instated .	20
From delinquent reports,	
Total,	219
LOSSES.	
By death,	10
By honorable discharge,	3
By transfer,	8
By suspension,	90
By dishonorable discharge,	1
By delinquent reports,	78
Total	•••
Total,	129

Showing 1,085 in good standing on the report of December 31st, 1894. A Supplemental report was forwarded to National Headquarters, showing 5 more Posts of 73 comrades, making a total of

RECAPITULATION.

GAINS.

By muster in,
Total, 317
LOSSES.
By death, 29 By honorable discharge, 6 By transfer, 21 By suspension, 164 By dishonorable discharge, 9 By delinquent reports, 390
Total,619
SUMMARY.
In good standing December 31st, 1893,
Aggregate,1774
Losses during 1894,
Number of Posts in good standing, forty-two. Making a loss of 299 comrades, of which 29 was by death. Not any Posts have been mustered in since the date of the 9th Annual State Encampment, although several Colored Posts could have been mustered in. During the current year the following Posts have been dropped on account of delinquent reports, viz: Nos. 15, 16, 18, 27, 35, 50, 62, 63, 56, 72, composed of 114 comrades. The Ass't Adj't General's report of December 31st, 1893, showed 56 Posts in good standing; of these 56 Posts 12 were never heard from. During the current year the following Posts have surrendered their charters:
Joe Hooker Post, No. 68, A. J. Smith Post, No. 52, 2 Posts dropped from delinquent, Nos. 15, 16, 18, 27, 35, 50, 62, 63, 10 65 and 72, 2
65 and 72, 2 Delinquent Posts are Nos. 59 and 60, 42 Posts in good standing, 42

	DURING THE CURRENT	YEAR IN THIS	DEPARTMENT.
EXPENDITURES	DURING THE CURRENT (Nearly 13 months.	123 months.)	

Postage account, also letter heads, paper, books, envelopes, Printing account, telegrams, telegrams,	\$ 41	00
Postage account, also letter neads, paper, books, envelopes, Printing account, telegrams,	52	95
Printing telegrams,	76	60
ant account, A. G. 123 months,	319	32
Printing account, telegrams, telegrams, Rent account, A. G., 12% months, Salary for A. A. G., 12% months,	\$189	87
100mi		1999

At an average of \$37.68 per month.

INVENTORY OF DEPARTMENT PROPERTY ON HAND.

(th logg)	
parks (WOITHIESS)	1
108001 1 Car na Del St (1102	1
tagle for purpose	
neganiació 1	1
Desks,	
1 hanging wouth logg)	
pangrilless united because worthless)	1
Depart 1 (never used see see	1
a ial seal. (no	
Official Sour,	0
Official sear, (neverage)	2
ald	
Cavels	1
United States of the States of	1
	100
Gavels, Trunk, Cash box,	1
11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	1
Cash box	
(1981) 902	1
Tlains Dis.	
HUIDO F POOK	1
1 -coment Doub,	1
Endorsement Book,	
Elluvia 1 hook	1
	1
Letter sent book, Order book,	100
Double 1	1
2 Jon 100 K	. 1
Thurst poor	
U1d-	

Twenty G. O. from National Headquarters, and ten G. O., one S. 0., three circulars have been distributed through the Department during the year, and over 1000 letters written.

The numerical strength of this department is to-day in round numbers 1,155, making an actual loss of 299, and 29 of those by death. I am persuaded there are veterans of the war for the Union within the limits of the State of Texas over eight times that number that are entitled to be members of the G. A. R. The greater number of all the veterans living in the State of Texas to-day, have, at one time or another, been members of the G. A. R., but have, for reasons best known to themselves, dropped out, some by transfer, a proportion of which have been allowed to lapse into a discharge, the greater majority by suspension, which has come to them through their utter indifference to everything connected with the Order, or by the neglect of their Post Officers. The very hard times, and a consequent inability to pay the necessary Post dues, accounts for the large number suspended; yet, I know, an appeal to any Post for a remission of dues on behalf of any comrade who is temporarily unable to pay has never been refused when the facts in the case have been understood by the comrades.

A glance at the record of the Posts in this department for the

second term of 1894 will throw light on this subject, so that every comrade may arrive at a conclusion.

	on increase of members,	
Posts reporting	an increase of members, held their own,	
to that have	s held then or any	12
Posts that have	held their own,	12
Posts reporting	rting and are delinquent,	10
Posts not repor	rting and	. 10
Losts	. 11 . 6 . 1	3

A number of Posts during the first term informed me by letter it was impossible to collect dues from the comrades on account of hard was impossible to content the expiration of the year, they would be times but hoped, before the expiration of the year, they would be able to meet all dues; quite a number of those delinquent Posts have paid their per capita tax to include December 31st, 1894.

The Headquarters of this department, located at 1726 N. Hackberry street, San Antonio, during the past year, has been visited by a number of comrades from Texas and other States in the Union. They were welcome. A call at Headquarters should be considered the duty of every comrade when visiting the city in which they are located.

Comrade Seffel of the E. O. C. Ord Post No. 3, G. A. R., very kindly made and presented a double sign for Department Head-

quarters that could be read a distance of 100 yards.

The W. R. C., so far as I have been able to learn, have done well by the comrades of the G. A. R., and have been the means of ameliorating much suffering. I cannot speak too highly of those noble women of the E. O. C. Ord Corps, much of their work having come under my own observation, having had the honor of being the Commander of Post No. 3 during 1894. I wish every Post in this department had a W. R. C. attached, it would accomplish untold good to our Order.

I invite a close inspection of my books and records, all of which I have brought to this encampment to turn over to my successor.

I desire to make one recommendation, that the cumbersome, useless, ugly and worthless repository for reports be condemned, for the following reasons:

1st. To save the expense of transportation from one city to

another.

2nd. A small trunk will answer the same purpose so much better for five, ten or twenty years to come. This useless repository is about 6 feet high, 6 feet broad and 12 inches through, containing eighty pigeon-holes. If the department papers are properly endorsed and filed away, a very small space would suffice for the records and papers of each year's administration.

In closing my report for the current year, there is present with

me the consciousness that again there will be a parting and sunderme the consciousness of close companionship that have, during the past ing of those ties of close companionship that have, during the past ing of those with all that I have come in contact.

ear, existed with yourself and the other officers of the depart-My relations "Italy of administration and the staff, have been pleasant; ment, the council of administration and theirs so much binds ment, the country our hands and theirs so much kindness and con-Thave received at July and the significance of the sundering of sideration that separating has the significance of the sundering of

family ties.

I feel especially grateful to comrades J. L. Boyd, A. Q. M. Gen., I feel especial. Dept. Insp., for courtesies at all times extended. I have not been unmindful of the fact that I have received more of honors and respect than could have possibly been, under any of honors and to leave had enough common sense, I hope circumstance, my due. I have had enough common sense, I hope and believe, to place the credit where it properly belongs, to the and believe, to produce and believe and be exalted position of the very great honor of appointment of Texas, G. A. R., to which I had the very great honor of appointment at your hands. W. H. ROBINSON, A. A. G.



Death Roll.

JAMES F. HARRIETT,	Post No. 2
TOT AND.	Post N.
W HULL	Post No
JAMES GARBUTT,	Post No. 1
DREWER EDGET.	Post No
C. FISHER,	Post No. 5
J. KUBLER,	Post No. 5
F. YOUNG,	Post No. 5
C. REIK,	Post No. 6
HUGH C. SMITH,	Post No. 9
F. FASTER,	Post No. 9
J. C. DEGRESS.	Post No. 10
A. B. GUERINERRE,	
J. T. PURNELL,	
JOS. ENNISON,	Post No. 11
T. R. H. RUCKMAN,	Post No. 19
F. BIAS,	
DAVID SPENCER,	Post No. 19
S. W. POMEROY,	Post No. 19
H. F. GASKEY,	Post No. 19
W. D. WRIGHT,	Post No. 19
D. W. BINGEMERZ,	Post No. 26
TOHN SHUBERT.	Post No. 32
T. P. GARRETT,	Post No. 47
Post No. 48 reports one death, gives no name.	
TAMES PATTERSON	Post No. 49
WILLIAMS HIND	Post No. 04
M. M. HIDGES, J. A. BROWN,	Post No. 56
I A BROWN	Post No. 56
ALBERT DEAN,	Post No. 67
TIDENT DEATH.	

The Commander then handed to the Ass't Adj't General some suggestions in the interest of the encampment, the some suggestions in behalf of our Woman's Relief Corps, as first being in behalf of our Woman's Relief Corps, as follows:

"I want to call your attention to the importance of the Woman's Relief Corps. They are really what the name Woman's Relief corps. Organize them wherever you implies a relief corps. for the reason that the implies—a rene them, for the reason that they are sustaining the Grand Army. In the annual proceedings of the Grand Army of the Republic for the past year, among other items will be found the following from the Woman's Relief Corps: Expended in relief during the year, \$64,-Relief Corps.

Relief Corps.

156.59; turned over to Grand Army Posts, \$30,181.71; value of supplies as relief, \$55,739.10. Total, \$150,o72.40. Again, moneys received for decorating National cemeteries from all Grand Army Posts in the year, \$196.05; from the Woman's Relief Corps, \$815.97. These items are sufficient to call your attention to woman's work in giving relief to the needy members of our order. She is ceaseless and tireless in good work."

The other suggestions, the application for muster of posts, methods for holding our posts together, and our last National encampment, by some oversight of the committee, were not reported on.

The Commander then began his annual address, with Past Commander Mann in the chair, and after reading a few minutes comrade McKay of Dallas moved to suspend further reading. This was seconded, but the motion was lost. The commander then read his address as follows:

COMRADES:

We have met again in another annual encampment, one year nearer an eternal encampment. For details of the campaign of the year, I refer you to the reports of the executives of my staff, and to that of your Department

Chaplain. I bespeak for these a careful inspection, as Chaplain. I bespection, as each one fully explains the needs and condition of his each one fully explanation of his department. I fully endorse all the suggestions of these department of take occasion here to thank all of officers, and I take occasion here to thank all of them personally for their efficient support, so kindly rendered me during the year: Col. W. H. Robinson, your Adj't General; Col. John S. Boyd, your Q. M. General; Col. H. B. Col. General; Col. Witman, your Inspector General; Col. H. W. Nye, your Judge Advocate; Col. A. McWhirk, your Chief Mustering Officer, and your Department Chaplain, the Rev. Father Crowley. They have all been untiring in their efforts to promote the welfare of the Grand Army of the Republic. I am especially indebted to the Adj't General for his unwearied support at all times. You will find in his report a complete and exact account of the year's work. Each document received has been properly filed, and each one written or issued neatly copied and briefed, so that anyone can easily understand the transactions of the year.

The year for us, comrades, has been one of fatigue, hardship and peril: of fatigue, under the increasing burden of years; of hardship, in the lack of much that renders a campaign successful and pleasant; and of peril, under the increasing temptations, amid accumulating trials, to fall

out of ranks on the march.

The fatigue is due to the resistless march of time, that breathes on the roses of youth, and they fade; unsleeves the brawn of young manhood and we are men, ready to run through a troop or leap over a wall; and then touches the sinews of age, and we halt, and the grass-hopper is a burden. The hardships of the year come out of the general distress and deathlike stagnation of business, as the wolves of famine that consume our supplies and cause our march to be a struggle for life. The perils come of our increasing infirmities, causing exhaustion, hopelessness—the burdens too heavy, the hardships too great, and the camp-fires too far away.

So we stack arms to-day 299 less than a year ago. Thirty have died and 269 fell out of ranks. Some of these missing may come into camp later, but probably never. missing may never. water-shed of strong manhood, and we have passed the water-shed of strong manhood, and We have parents side of life, and near its close.

The above is a result of a muster to-day, 1,155, rank and The above and with the report one year ago, 1,457. file, as compared with the reported than work ago, 1,457. file, as compared then were 56, and now 42.

The number of Posts 10 were never board and now 42. The number 56 Posts 10 were never heard from during But of these 56 Posts 10 whatever and 2 But of these whatever, and 2 were in a dying the year in any shape whatever, and 2 were in a dying the year in a dying condition and no remedies we could use prevented death, and then 2 suspended during the year.

At Pittsburg in September last, at our National encampment, a roll-call showed 371,555, a loss of 71,180 in one went, a for these 45,512 were suspended, and 25,668 dead year. Of these 45,512 were suspended, year. So our National Army is not so large, and our column of parade is not so long as it has been; but the admiring throngs are increasing year by year, showing that the people regard the Grand Army of the Republic as a real Grand Army, as it is, such as history, hereto-

fore, had no page for.

Some of our fellow-citizens of the present age have not fully appreciated the market value of this army, or the cost of this government, as it is to-day. The present government with all that is, and is to be, is the price of your hardships in campaigns, and of your courage in battle. No more do dollars and cents, coined of the gold and silver and copper in our mints, represent labor-the brawn and muscle of toil, than do our freedom and happiness, peace and prosperity represent victories, minted of hardships, of courage and blood on the fields of death. Not more certainly do harvested wheat and baled cotton tell of the toil of plowman and reaper, of hoeing and picking and ginning, than do freedom, man's rights in his mailed armor of law, and the fleecy white peace of homes tell of valor, of suffering and of victory in the wager of blood. In fact all of man's rights and self-government have come out of struggles, out of the crucibles of war, winnowed by suffering and purified by blood. All that we possess to-day, our civil rights and our self-government is the price of suffering and bloodshed on 500 battlefields in our late war. But blood and suffering then do not tell the whole story of wounds that never healed, of pain that palsied limbs and rendered life a burden, of

Over fields where we once fought and suffered and where our comrades died, harvests of wheat annually wave, or where blooms and bolls the cotton plant with its silken fiber; but more precious than the golden wheat is the golden freedom we won there; and more valuable than the fleecy cotton is the fine spun fiber of the legally woven web of law that clothes us to-day, all from the same field where grows the wheat we eat and the cotton we wear.

When the issue was made in our late war, Union or disunion, disintegration and death, our American manhood, from his high lookout, hearing the cry of liberty for help, for life, said: "Here am I, send me!" For, fellow-comrades of the Grand Army of the Republic, we went not alone in defense of ourselves, our wives and children, or even in defense of our children's children, but in defense of man, in defense of his Ark of Liberty, his refuge from oppression, the world's dearest citadel of manhood.

This was the temple we went to defend, then threatened with distruction by disunion. The peril was great, as the issue was uncertain; the skies of our darkness were heavy and low; fierce mutterings of wrath were heard all around on our sulphurous horizon. Men, holding high positions in public esteem, in State, were alarmed—in despair, and in the paralysis of their manhood said, patriotism is dead, self-government at an end, because they saw not in our citizen youth armies such as they had seen in Europe, or generals such as they had read of in history.

But the genius of freedom, by some lucky throw of the dice of fate, had called for a man of courage and wisdom to command our ship of State; and as this man paced the deck of his storm-shaken ship, he was like Columbus steering out on his unknown deep, surrounded by his half

mutinous crew, blanched with fear:

Behind him lay the gray Azores;
Behind, the gates of Hercules;
Before him, only ghosts of shores;
Before him, only shoreless seas.
The good mate said: "What shall I say,
If naught we sight, but seas at dawn?"
"Why, you shall say, at break of day,
Sail on, sail on, and on?"

So, to this calm man of courage, came statesmen in the storm of war, with chattering teeth and knocking knees,

Who said to him: "What shall we say, If naught we sight, but seas at dawn?" He said: "Why say, at break of day, Sail on, sail on, sail on and on?"

Think of this marvel of a man, with marvelous vision of seer, nurtured in poverty, schooled in want, educated in the seer, nurtured in poverty, schooled in want, educated in the seer, nurtured in poverty, schooled in want, educated in the seer, nurtured in poverty, out of his face, yet lifting toil, earning his bread in the sweat of his face, yet lifting thinself out of the pit of poverty, out of the depths of obscurity without the aid of any adventitious circumstance, such as war, revolution, or accidental wealth, up from the low level of drudgery, up to the high plain of exalted citizenship, an orator without a rival, up to the head of a nation, and that nation among the first, if not the first in the most intelligent age of the world.

The world's history contains records of its great men—
its Alexanders, its Caesars, and Napoleons; but they were
not children of poverty, sons of toil, self educated, and
no one of them rose from obscurity with the wisdom and
selfpoise of Abraham Lincoln. And no one of them and
no one else in all the annals of time, answered the great
call of humanity as he the call of God, "here am I."

He grew as a giant tree of his adopted State on the bank of the Mississippi, stately and majestic, taller and stronger out of each storm that strove with its branches, rooted in the solid earth of truth,

"While round his breast the rolling clouds were spread, Eternal sunshine settled on his head."

So rose this unique man of all history, a modern Mel-chizedek, a princely man of peace, out of a door of his

opportunity that opened to him and closed forever. Tinctured as he was with a touch of melancholy, he yet was an optimist, with confidence in himself and faith in his fellow-man. But looking out over the field of life, and seeing its wrongs and oppressions he was sad. Honest and conscious of the power of right and justice, he was hopeful; yet endowed, as he was, with keen and tender sensibilities, he was far from being happy. There was much about him to touch a nature like his with sadness, and very little to cheer it. A man of peace, living in an age when manhood was measured by prowess, he yet commanded the respect and love of all who knew him. Religious by nature, and living in a community of Christians where so many were so unchristian, he passed for a skeptic because he followed not them.

An incident in his life reveals his hopefulness as well as his religious faith. A political opponent had made a speech in Charleston, Coles county, Illinois, dwelling chiefly on the wisdom of our fathers, and contrasting unfavorably the want of wisdom of modern statesmen, especially of Lincoln's party, with the statesmanship of Washington, Jefferson and Jackson. Lincoln in reply said in substance that God was in all movements in government for the improvement of man's civil and religious conditions, and that He, by His providence in each crisis raised up leaders, much as He raised up Moses and Joshua in Israel. As instances he referred to Paul and Luther in Church reforms, and to Cromwell and Washington in State reforms. "When a king dies," said he, "the cry is: 'Long live the king!' When Saul, the stalwart king of Israel, stood mute with fear in the presence of Goliath of Gath, at the head of a Philistine army, David, a shepherd lad, went out with his sling and slew him." This was the tone of Lincoln's reply. It was hopeful.

Some years afterwards, and after he had been elected President, but before his inauguration, and while the ship of State was being tossed hither and thither by the mad waves of secession under the irresolute hand of Buchanan, one who had heard his Charleston speech, wrote him as

follows: "Abe, you remember what you said at Charlesfollows: "Ane, you said at Charleston, giving the date and occasion, "now do you believe
ton, giving the man God has raised up for this comgiving the day God has raised up for this occasion?"

you are the man God has raised up for this occasion?"

No, but I believe you are the man conic reply was: "No, but I believe if God Lincoln's laconic reply was, He can do so."

Lincoln's lacous me that man, He can do so." In these few words we have the key note of Lincoln's In these level, growth under a conscious sense of duty character and life, growth in the triumph of interest of duty character and unshaken faith in the triumph of justice.

and under an unshaken faith in the triumph of justice.

and under an unshaken faith in the triumph of justice. His self-possession was so strongly developed in him that His self-possession of fierce fratricidal strife, he said during the load of any one, though often under strong unkind word of any one, though often under strong artion to do so. In this respect, as a load of a soul of the said provocation to do so. In this respect, as a leader of men, provocation to parallel in all history. He is even the one he is without a parallel in all history. He is even the one be is without a proper by Him who spoke never as exception to the rule, given by Him who spoke never as man spoke, that "a prophet is not without honor, save in man spoke, and in his own house." Lincoln was his own country his own neighbors, by honored, and his own country, his own State and finally his own city, his own that the whale by his own nation, if not by the whole civilized world, He was the most American of all Americans, the kindest, the truest, the wisest and greatest. Taken all in all the world had never known his like, and probably never will

Such was Lincoln, our martyred president.

Grant, the dormant ex-captain, with the genius of a Napoleon and the iron will of a Wellington, rose in three years from the unknown tanner of Galena, Illinois, to a rank unsurpassed in the annals of war. Sherman quit his Louisiana professorship, and in the same time became second only to Grant, a restless, nervous, daring leader, unsatisfied until he went from Atlanta with his intrepid legions smashing things to the sea. And then little Phil. Sheridan, as quick as Caesar, as daring as Napoleon, and as reckless as the Black Prince, dashed into fame at the head of his gallant troopers.

So they that said patriotism was dead, that we were without generals and armies were false prophets. But high as I hold our generals in estimation, I yet hold the soldier with a gun in your hand as the "ne plus ultra" of soldiership. And in speaking of the soldier, I include the Gray with the Blue; both Americans, the Blue righteously right, the Gray radically wrong. The Gray had more dash, the Blue more staying qualities, both prime requisits of soldiership. His was the task of defense, ours one of attack; his inspiration was home, ours union. But back of his home was slavery, and back of union self-government. There was enough in each cause to develop the highest type of soldiership, obedience, intelligence, courage, endurance, strategy, daring. Again and again the soldier of the ranks thrown on his own resources exhibited capacity and genius. Instances of such genius in the ranks of both sides would have left us armies of heroes, but for the high average of heroism in almost all battles that robbed the chief heroes of their laurels. The deeds of Hector and Achilles were more than matched a hundred times over; but the heroes, as yet, have had no Homer, and the records of their deeds of daring lie yet buried in the archives of the government, unsung.

The famous charge of the 600, immortalized by Tennyson, was tame compared with any of these acts of heroism.

Grant's blockade runners at Vicksburg, Pickett's command at Gettysburg are sample heroes of the war whose laurels are fadeless.

The lesson to us of our late war is that the citizen soldier can be relied on at any time to save self-government. The only serious peril is the dumping of pauperism, anarchy and nihilism on us from the other side of the sea. The honest man who earns the bread he eats is welcome, but the man whose hard lot, it may be, has caused a wheel in his head to slip a cog, and has turned his heart to hate, and the wild eyed Asiatic whose ways are dark and whose tricks are vain, are not wanted! The anarchist is insane, and the dead civilization of Asia is poison to Western life!

It has been said that great opportunities come to men and nations once, and once only. If they meet them they

succeed, if not they fail.

It should be the pride of our life that we met our opportunity, and planted our banner of self-government

higher than it had ever been borne by hand of man and and it entrenched, unassailable, we hope forever ligher than 10 massailable, we hope forever. left it entrenched, unassailable, we hope forever. It was then the American soldier dashed up the heights It was then the history he stands in the front rank to-day.

of fame, and in history he and down the lesson of our duty to hand down the l It is our duty to hand down the lesson of our late war. When Israel crossed the Jordan under Joshua they When Israel what in after years when their children reared a monument, that in after years when their children should ask what mean these stones? they should reply: They are to teach you that our fathers came over Jordan They are to Our duty is to point to our monument, this dry-shod. Our duty is to point to our monument, this flag, that when our children's children ask what mean these stars and stripes, those questioned can reply: Our fathers came out of a bondage to kings through a Red Sea of revolution, then passed through a wilderness of fiery trial of rebellion, and crossed over Jordan into a land of peace DRY-SHOD, with no stain or sting of the serpent from

the wilderness!! It is a proud lesson we can leave for the rising generation to learn, but it is one they will learn and appreciate

more and more as time passes.

To this end I would urge you, comrades, to maintain ranks heroically, nobly to the end, until the last "taps" are sounded!!

R. M. MOORE, Department Commander.

The Commander's address was referred to Past Commanders Mann, Peterson and Parks.

Resolutions were offered and referred to the several committees appointed in general order No. 9, and all others not provided for in said order were referred to comrades Roch, Combs, Christian and Sullivan.

It was moved by comrade Brownlee of Dallas, and seconded by comrade Robinson of San Antonio, that the special order of business at 4 P. M. be the nomination and election of officers for the ensuing year. This motion was amended by comrade Parks, with a second, that

nominations be made at 4 P. M., and that the election take place at 9 A. M. to-morrow.

Carried.

The Department Commander appointed comrades Peter son, Parks, Mann and Sargeant a committee to confer with the Woman's Relief Corps.

The Commander-in-Chief, Gen. T. G. Lawler, and his Adjutant General, C. C. Jones, here entered the hall and were received by the encampment with the proper salute, and were then escorted to the platform by Department Commander Moore.

General Lawler addressed the encampment in a very happy vein, congratulating it on the healthy influence of the Grand Army so manifest, and recalled the words of the Past National Commander-in-Chief, Adams, at Pittsburg: "We want to plant our flag so high that the South will love it as we do."

It was this sentiment that drew from the eloquent Watterson this response:

"I can say amen to every word uttered by your Commander-in-Chief. I have come here to-day—an undoubting American—to lay at the feet of American manhood the tribute of respectful homage. I have come—a willing witness—to bear testimony to the genius of American soldiership. I have come with a message from your countrymen who dwell on what was once the nether side of the line, but whose hearts beat in ready response to your hearts, and who bid me tell you they want to see you. Candor compells me to say that there was a time when they did not want to see you. There was a time when-without any invitation whatever-either written or verbal-without so much as an intimation of hospitality-you insisted upon giving us the honor of your company, and, as it turned out, when we were but ill prepared to receive you. It were a pity, now that we are now that the lid is off the pot and that the pared to receive that the lid is off the pot and that the lateh prepared now that the door—you should refuse prepared—now that the latch on the pot and that the latch string hangs outside the door—you should refuse us the string hangs of entertaining you, of greeting you not string hangs of entertaining you, of greeting you, not— "With bloody hands to hospitable graves,"

but as friends and brothers, as fellow-citizens, who learnbut as friends and another amid scenes that left no time ed how to value one another and transactions ed how to value of the very highest tests. I know the polying to human virtue the very highest tests. I know that whathuman virtue violetision may be you will give me credit for ever your decision may be you will give me credit for sincerity when I add that I was now and the sincerity when I add that I was now and the sincerity when I add that I was now and the sincerity when I add that I was now and the sincerity when I add that I was now and the sincerity when I add that I was now and the sincerity when I add that I was now and the sincerity when I add that I was now and the sincerity when I add that I was now and the sincerity when I add that I was now and the sincerity when I add that I was now and the sincerity when I add that I was now and the sincerity when I add that I was now and the sincerity when I add the sincerity ever your account when I add that I was never happier in entire sincerity when I am in finding myself the volice. my life than I am in finding myself the vehicle for such a communication—the spokesman for such men to such men the first of many voices to be raised, in good will and in good faith, entreating the Grand Army of the Republic in good lates, to bring its knitting and stay all day."

The sentiments of the gifted Kentuckian have been repeated in other words, in the same tenor, in perfect accord, at Waco.

Commander Lawler spoke with feeling of the addresses delivered last night by comrades J. T. Harris and J. D. Shaw of Waco, confederate veterans, whose soldierly hearts beating in their bosoms that were so often bared against the bullets of the Union, are now responsive to the patriotic appeals and are now most loyal to that which they once fought.

Adj't Gen. C. C. Jones described the growth and condition of the Grand Army. For the six months ending December 31st, 1894, there were 3,500 deaths. This was the chief cause of the falling off compared with the report of the previous six months, amounting to a diminution of 2000 in a total membership in the National Grand Army of 365,000. The foregoing figures Adj't Gen. Jones takes from the reports in hand from forty-one Departments, Adj't Gen. Jones said:

"We take from notes of our tour the following figures: Twenty Departments taken as we reach them, without discrimination, contain 26,000 school-houses. These school-houses are daily attended by children to become the future citizens of our Republic. Of these 26,000 school-houses 19,000 had 'old glory,' the star-spangled banner, the flag we love, floating above them, nailed to the masts by juvenile hands which in days to come will be ready to defend that flag against its foes. We hope to see the flag on the other 7000 school-houses in those twenty-one Departments. We hope to see it on every school-house in the United States."

This circular was received and read from the Chaplain-in-Chief:

OFFICE OF CHAPLAIN-IN-CHIEF, St. Louis, Mo., April 19, 1895.

Commander and Comrades of the Department of Texas:

Permit me to congratulate you as comrades in the great fraternity of the Grand Army of the Republic, the most endearing in this nation, whether in the Empire State of Texas or in the rocky coast of Maine, it is all the same a bond of fraternity, whose links were welded in the hot fires of a most cruel fratricidal war. But, thanks to God, the great ruler, one which has come to an end, and the roses of fragrance and peculiar beauty are now blooming in the mouth of the cruel engines of war.

Glad that the Commander-in-Chief is to be with you, with his words of cheer and counsels of wisdom. His vision is as broad as the wide shores of our heaven-favored land and his visit can but do you good. You will give him a hearty welcome as one soldier does another. You will gladden his heart, large as it is, with your assurance of fraternity, with every lover of our old flag and loyalty to every good work in building up our glorious country. Remember that our country can be builded alone on true foundations of truth, justice, industry, economy, temperance and faith in God, who rules over all. Other nations may in some instances build on despotism

and crushed hopes and fortunes of men, but not so in America. We and crushed nopelations. You have a mighty empire in must build on different foundary, climate, products of must build of the must build of the second and possiyour own State as to boundary, climate, products of soil and possisecond inhabitants. Use these boundless blooms in your own State Use these boundless blessings, as God bility of the inhabitants. Use these boundless blessings, as God bility of the should, and you will be the greatest State in this intended they should, and these principles and family of sisters. Disregard these principles and your greatness family of size the sure means of your certain death. Good soldiers will only be the sure means of your certain death. Good soldiers will only be constituted the elements of efficiency in the army. The same principles of virtue will ever insure success in citizenship. we look for much from Texas in the future of this nation. Com-We look for the look in all good things and thus march on to glory and final glory.

I would gladly look in upon your encampment, but that is not necessary. You will look well after the interests of F., C. and L. in the great Southwest, and we will try to keep the watchfires of

liberty brightly burning in the center of the land of liberty.

Hoping for you a grand and glorious encampment and a successful journey to Louisville next fall,

I remain yours in F., C. and L. most truly,

L. H. HAGERTY, Chaplain-in-Chief.

Comrade Boyd moved a resolution of thanks to Commander-in-Chief Lawler and his staff, Generals Jones and Hepburn of Iowa. They were rendered by three cheers and a salute.

Gen. Mann had read a request from the War Department for missing numbers of our proceedings, and then the encampment adjourned until 2 P. M.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

At 2 P. M. Commander Moore called the encampment to order with the gavel.

The following telegram was read:

NEW ORLEANS, LA., APRIL 23, 1895.

Gen. R. M. Moore, Dep't Commander, G. A. R., Waco:

Would that I could be with you. Cordial greeting to all the com. rades, including Illinois and Iowa.

CHARLES H. SCHUTE,

Junior Vice-Commander-in-Chief.

The reports of the Chaplain and Inspector General were read, and reported on favorably by the committee:

REPORT OF DEPARTMENT CHAPLAIN

TO THE TENTH ANNUAL ENCAMPMENT OF TEXAS, G. A. R., HELD AT WACO, APRIL 22nd to 25th, 1895.

Gen. R. M. Moore, Commander Department of Texas, San Antonio: Commander: Thirteen Posts have sent in reports of the observance of Memorial Day, May 30th, 1894, as follows, viz.: Alvin, Abilene, Corpus Christi, Denison, Dublin, Fort Worth, Galveston, Georgetown, Granbury, Houston, San Angelo, San Antonio and Waco.

Wainwright Post, No. 72, Alvin. Held Sunday service, sermon by Rev. W. Dunlevy. Confederate Veterans participated in Memorial Day exercises. 200 people; oration by Mr. Shirley, ex-confederate; music, and flowers. General good feeling prevailed. One grave decorated; one soldier buried in the past year.

Travis Post, No. 66, Abilene—Moses M. Norris, Chaplain, reports: "There are only a few of us here, and as no minister of this town would consent to conduct services for us we made no attempt at a public celebration, but held the day sacred in our hearts."

E. J. Davis Post, No. 54, Corpus Christi—D. A. Seely, Chaplain, reports: Memorial services held; address by E. J. Kilner, poem "Memorial Day" by Elizabeth F. Blanding. Post attended M. E. Church in a body; Rev. J. F. Webb preached at the request of the Post. Graves decorated with flags and flowers. Some members of other Posts and some Ex-United States soldiers joined in the exercises. A respectable concourse of citizens at cemetery. The day passed off creditably.

Nathaniel Lyon Post, No. 5, Denison—Thos. Stanley, Chaplain. Sunday memorial service at opera house. Prayer by Rev. W. A.

Cooper, sermon by Rev. W. S. Hills, patriotic songs by choir. Cooper, sermon by Gen. J. C. Bigger, Junior Vice-Commander-morial Day oration by Gen. J. C. Bigger, Junior Vice-Commander-morial Grand parade, 4,000 in line. W. R. C. Daniel Day oration by Gen. J. C. Bigger, Junior Vice-Commander-morial Day oration by Gen. J. C. Bigger, J. C morial Day orange and parade, 4,000 in line. W. R. C., Denison Rifles, in-Chief. Grand parade, Excelsion Band of the Rangers, school children, Excelsion Band of the Rangers and the Rangers a in-Chief. Grand Pool Children, Excelsior Band, citizens in car-Stanley Rangers, school children, Excelsior Band, citizens in car-Graves of Blue and Gray decorated alike Stanley Rangers, Blue and Gray decorated alike. A more patriotic riages. Graves of Blue and Gray decorated alike. A more patriotic riages. Graves could not be seen in any Northern city of equal population. display could not Post, No. 55, Dublin—M. D. Com, Houston Post, No. 55, Dublin Post, Gen. Sam. Houston Post, No. 55, Dublin—M. Barr, Chaplain. No Gen. Sam. House On Meniorial day the Post, accompanied by a sunday service. marched to the cemetery Sunday service, marched to the cemetery, decorated graves, number of citizens, marched to the cemetery, decorated graves, number of citation and the hall where dinner was served by W. R. C., and speeches made by Mayor Gilett, ex-confederate, and others. day was solemnly and appropriately observed.

was soleman, was soleman, No. 4, Fort Worth—Thos. J. Lynch, Chaplain. W. S. Parmly Post, No. 4, Fort Worth—Thos. J. Lynch, Chaplain. W. S. Tarming Sunday memorial services in St. Paul's M. E. Church, Sermon by Dr. Fisher, President of Fort Worth University. Post marched to ohnrch accompanied by R. E. Lee Camp U. C. V. On Memorial Day, procession to cemetery, composed of fifty comrades, W. R. C., 25 R. E. Lee Camp U. C. V., Dupont Naval Association, A. L. Low, Commander. Ritual observed, graves decorated, addresses delivered by Capt. C. C. Cummings, Commander R. E. Lee Camp U. C. V. Remarks by comrade Gibson of Abilene, Kansas; comrade Dickerman, Ashley, Illinois; A. L. Lowe, Commander Dupont Naval Association, Fort Worth. Column re-formed and returned to the city.

W. S. Hancock Post, No. 2, Galveston-R. P. Sargent, Chaplain. No Sunday service. Memorial Day exercises conducted by the regular officer of the Post which convened in hall where flowers were brought. Post proceeded in a body to various cemeteries

where graves were decorated and services held.

DECORATION DAY .- W. S. Hancock Post, No. 2, Grand Army of the Republic, on Wednesday proceeded in a body to the cemeteries and, after the ceremonial services prescribed for the occasion by the rituals of the Order, decorated with sweet flowers the resting places of all soldiers, with equal and seemly reverence for those who wore the Gray as for those of their comrades who wore the Blue. After the ceremonies at the cemeteries the Post marched to the Ursuline Convent, and after reverential and solemn prayer, spread its floral remembrances upon the grave of Mother St. Pierre, whose gentle ministration to union soldiers wounded at the battle of Galveston, January 1st, 1861, has endeared her memory to all good soldiers of either side. The beautiful custom of thus placing our tributes of respect upon the resting places of Mother St. Pierre and of Father Chambodut, who shared with the good mother in his kindly offices

to those stricken soldiers, was inaugurated by W. S. Hancock Post to those stricken soldiers, the tothose stricken soldiers and the tothose stricken soldiers, the tothose stricken soldiers and the tothose stricken soldiers are stricken soldiers. G. A. R., and in a like many gruder Camp, Confederate Veterans, upon their memorial occasions. A committee visited the grave of Father Chambodut in the cathe. A committee visited the grand the grand the grand the cathe. dral, and after a simple service placed flowers upon the tablet to his memory in the chancel, and the Post quietly dispersed.

FRANK L. KIRK, Adjutant.

Phil. Sheridan Post, No. 25, Georgetown—W. A. M. Smally, Chaplain, reports as follows: "Our members were so scattered at the time, so many away from home, we could hold no services."

W. T. Sherman Post, No. 51, Granbury—Geo. W. Raifsnider, Chaplain. Sunday memorial services conducted by M. E. minister. Formed and marched to court house: speech by comrade Catts, also remarks by ex-confederates Neely and Moore. The chaplain remarks as follows: "Our services are not looked upon with much respect by the old confederates of this place. A few are pleased and will attend our services at the cemetery." Twelve comrades and one hundred others participated.

Geo. B. McClellan Post, No. 9, Houston—David Perkins, Chaplain, Post has a cemetery lot of its own. Held Memorial Day exercises, thirty comrades took part. A number of comrades from other Posts joined; also Dick Dowling Camp U. C. V., by invitation; city schools, singing clubs, and citizens generally; about 1,500 in all. Orations by Hon. Mr. Lubbock, Major Peck, G. A. R. Poem by Miss Bessie Warren; songs and solos, concluding with "America."

Wesley Merritt Post, No. 69, San Angelo-John A. Barnett, Chaplain. Post held public exercises on Memorial Day; seven comrades took part.

E. O. C. Ord Post, No. 3, San Antonio-Henry Minnett, Chaplain. Post held Sunday service conducted by Rev. J. I. McLaughlin. Held Memorial Day services jointly with Belknap and Crook Posts. Exercises participated in by city officials, United States troops, infantry, cavalry and artillery, Fire Department, German Veteran Association, Christopher Columbus Societies, United Veterans of America. Capt. Thos. P. Winthrop, Orator of the Day. Robinson was Chaplain of the Day. It was a grand and patriotic display.

Davy Crockett Post, No. 70, Waco-Wm. Harlin, Chaplain. Sunday memorial services conducted by Rev. Chas. E. Giddings. Post met at hall, formed in line, marched to church with flags draped and furled. On Memorial Day comrades to the number of 27, joined by Pat. Cleburne Camp U. C. V., Daughters of the Confederacy, and W. R. C., marched to the city hall; comrades arm in arm with

U. C. V. Exercises in city hall, opening prayer, recitations, sing-U. C. V. Exercises. Revs. Giddings and Page, and comrade Redwood ing and orations. Miss Nellie Conger, poet. "We closed the orators; Miss Nellie Conger, poet." ing and orations. Miss Nellie Conger, poet. "We closed with a true were the orators; the Blue and the Gray."

reunion of the Blue and the Gray." The fulness and accuracy of the Department Chaplain's report The fulness and the reports received by him from Post chaplain's report depends on the reports received by him from Post chaplains. These depends on the very important, showing, as they do the contract of the reports received by him from Post chaplain's report depends on the reports received by him from Post chaplain's report depends on the reports received by him from Post chaplain's report depends on the reports received by him from Post chaplain's report depends on the reports received by him from Post chaplain's report depends on the reports received by him from Post chaplain's report depends on the reports received by him from Post chaplains. depends on the reportant, showing, as they do, the manner in reports are very important, sleepends on the reports are very important, showing, as they do, the manner in reports are very to Day is celebrated, indicating the spirit which which Post, hence, every Post should exert itself. which Decoration which person animates a Post, hence, every Post should exert itself to the utmost animates a Post, hence, every Post should exert itself to the utmost animates a Post, hence, every Post should exert itself to the utmost animates a Post, hence, every Post should exert itself to the utmost animates a Post, hence, every Post should exert itself to the utmost animates a Post, hence, every Post should exert itself to the utmost animates a Post, hence, every Post should exert itself to the utmost animates a Post, hence, every Post should exert itself to the utmost animates a Post, hence, every Post should exert itself to the utmost animates a Post, hence, every Post should exert itself to the utmost animates a Post, hence, every Post should exert itself to the utmost animates a Post, hence, every Post should exert itself to the utmost animates a Post, hence, every Post should exert itself to the utmost animates a Post, hence, every Post should exert itself to the utmost animates and post and post and post animates a Post animates a Post animates and post animates a animates a rost, here of the day of days," not only for the surviving to make Memorial Day "the day of days," not only for the surviving veterans, but for our deceased comrades.

In closing, I hereby return heartfelt thanks to all comrades for In closing, I have on me by their suffrages at the last annual enthe honor control of the honor control of the honor campment. My associations with our honored Department Comcampment. In the comparison of mander, and I sever these associations with deep regret; but very pleasant, and I sever these associations with deep regret; but the tie that binds me to every comrade of our glorious Order, death the tie that street. And even in death, such is the beautiful sentiment of our comradeship, that it is only partially severed, as is fully ment of our proved on Decoration Day in its annual rounds. Wishing you, beloved commander, and all comrades, God's choicest blessings.

Very respectfully,

Yours in F., C. and L.,

T. K. CROWLEY, Dept. Chaplain, G. A. R.

REPORT OF THE DEPARTMENT INSPECTOR.

Denison, Texas, March 20, 1895.

Col. W. H. Robinson, A. A. Gen., G. A. R., Dep't of Texas, San Antonio, Texas:

DEAR SIR: In compliance with Rules and Regulations, I have the honor to submit the following Inspection Report for the year ending December 31st, 1894; also, consolidated report of said inspection, viz:

Is the work of the ritual committed to memory and properly performed? Yes, 4; No, 26; Partly, 3.

Are the members uniformed and equipped? Yes, 2; No, 24-7.

How many muskets are owned by the Posts? 26 have no muskets; 7 are armed.

Are the officers regular in their attendance? Yes, 26: No, 4; Not

Are the members regular in their attendance? Yes, 13; No, 10; Not very, 10.

Do they exhibit any interest in the Post? Yes, 22; No, 5; Not much, 3; Some, 3.

Are the records complete and well kept? Yes, 27; No. 1; Fairly, 5. Are orders received regularly and read to the Post? Yes, 32; No. 1. Are they duly observed? Yes, 33.

Is there relief fund for charitable purposes? Yes, 9; No, 24.

What are the prospects for the future? Good, 15; Not good, 5; Fair, 8; Bright, 1; Poor, 4.

Of the 18 Posts reporting the number of flags, 104 school districts

are reported, 22 as having flags and 82 without any.

But 20 Posts report the value of property owned by the Posts, the sum total being \$989.70, while 17 report the total amount in hands

of Quartermaster as being \$509.84.

I have personally inspected a number of the Posts and wrote to every Commander in the Department urging them to be prompt in forwarding their reports of inspection. The majority complied with my request, but a number being tardy I again addressed them and in a few instances received a response, while others have taken no notice of my communications. This I much regret as I had hoped by persistent efforts to have had a report from every Post in the Department. I am only able by this disregard to General Orders from Department Headquarters to report 33 Posts. Our losses from this appear to be greater than they really are as a number of Posts have forwarded their per capita tax and failed in those of inspection.

During the year I visited both the Assistant Adjutant and Assistant Quartermaster and found the books, records, stores, etc., in excellent condition, and in this connection beg leave to say, I have given no previous intimation of my visit of inspection.

Yours in F., C. & L.,

E. L. WITMAN, Dept. Inspector.

A letter inviting the encampment to Houston was received from E. G. Rust, read and filed.

The Rev. Rufus Burleson, D. D., President of Baylor

University, Waco, through Commander Moore, invited the University, the encampment to visit the University to members a parade and drill of the cadets under Lieut. Buck at 4 P. M. to-morrow. A vote of thanks was Buck at the invitation and a desire expressed that all tendered for the invitation and a desire expressed that all attend the parade and drill who could do so.

The committee on the Adjutant General's report, W.

H. Robinson, was read and approved.

WACO, TEXAS, APRIL 23, 1895.

To the Department Commander Gen. R. M. Moore, and members of the Grand Army of the Republic:

We, your committee on Ass't Adj't General's report, beg leave to report that we recommend the Ass't Adj't General's report as

herewith presented be adopted.

We further recommend that the receptacle spoken of be turned over to the new Department Commander, and that he be authorized to store the same with one of the stronger Posts of our Department, without expense to the Department for keeping and storing said archives of our Department.

E. L. WITMAN. W. H. HARVEY, W. W. BOSTWICK, T. K. CROWLEY.

The Council of Administration reported on the Adjutant's books and papers as follows:

We, the Council of Administration, respectfully report that we have examined the books and papers of the Assistant Adjutant General of this Department, G. A. R., and find them complete in all respects, and in appearance reflecting great credit upon his ability as an executive officer.

> H. E. CONGER, H. T. RUE, A. MCWHIRK, T. W. MANCHESTER, Council of Administration.

Here the Commander-in-Chief, Gen. Lawler, and staff entered and were greeted with three cheers and a tiger.

Commander Moore announced the committee on trans.

portation for the coming year as follows: John L. Boyd
and J. R. Harned of Dallas, and H. E. Conger of Waco.

A recess of twenty minutes was then given for the photographer to take the annual photograph of the encampment.

The report of Chief Mustering Officer, A. McWhirk,

was read and approved.—No Posts mustered.

The committee on the work of the Woman's Relief Corps, W. D. Kretzinger, W. J. Bassett and H. E. Conger, reported and were greeted with applause. Thereupon comrades Mann, Peterson, Parks and McCormick were appointed to bear our greetings to the W. R. C. This committee soon returned escorting a committee of ladies of the Relief Corps to our platform, where Mrs. Annie M. Wingrove, President, won a round of applause by a very graceful speech.

The next item of business was the selection of a place for the next annual encampment. Rust's letter placed Houston in nomination. Austin sent a bid as follows:

AUSTIN, TEXAS, APRIL 12, 1895.

To the Texas Department, G. A. R.:

Honored Gentlemen:—In behalf of our city government and citizens of our city, I very respectfully join your comrades of Joseph A. Mower Post, No. 10, in extending to you an invitation to hold your next annual encampment in this city, and can assure you it will be the pleasure of our people to have you here and to make your visit as pleasant as possible.

Very respectfully,

HENRY A. LINN,
Acting Mayor, City of Austin, Texas.

JOHN McDonald,
Mayor.

Moved by McKay that the offer be filed and referred to And the Mayor of Dallas sent the following invitation: the committee.

THE CITY OF DALLAS, EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, FRANK P. HOLLAND, MAYOR. DALLAS, TEXAS, APRIL 20, 1895.

State Encampment, G. A. R., Waco, Texas: GENTLEMEN: In inviting the members of the Grand Army of the Republic of the State of Texas to hold their next annual encamp-Republic of the Datas, I am not only speaking for the city as her ment in 1896 in Dallas, I am not only speaking for the city as her official representative, but also for every citizen that is within her official replication of the property of the band of the beauty of the band of the beauty of the band of the beauty of the band of confines. Data will leer only to honored to be able to hold out the hand of welcome to the heroes of the North, as she has often held it out the heroes of the

I need not speak to you of the many advantages Dallas possesses as the convention city of the Southwest. Our magnificent hotels, our great convention halls, our beautiful city are too well known to need describing. As the railroad center of the State, as the metropolis of Texas it is meet and right that every convention should look to Dallas. There may be many held here in 1896, but the G. A. R. can feel assured that none will receive a warmer or heartier welcome than the State Encampment.

Believe me, gentlemen, with many wishes for the success of the

Yours very sincerely, G. A. R.,

F. P. HOLLAND.

After some speeches on the above nominations, Houston was withdrawn and a vote taken on Austin and Dallas, resulting in a large majority in favor of Dallas.

An invitation, through comrade H. T. Rue, was received from Houston to the encampment, requesting the members of the Grand Army to attend the annual reunion of the United Confederate Veterans, May 22nd, 23rd and 24th next. Thanks were tendered for the invitation, and the members of the encampment requested to attend. Committee on Commander's address received and

approved.

Here a deputation from the W. R. C. was announced by the Officer of the Day. The rules were suspended and the ladies admitted and escorted to the platform, Mrs. E. A. R. Williams and Mrs. T. W. Manchester. were welcomed by Commander Moore, and then Mrs. Williams addressed the encampment as follows:

Commander Moore. Commander-in-Chief Lawler and Comrades of the Tenth Annual Encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic in Texas.-Greeting:

We, a committee appointed by the sixth annual convention of the Woman's Relief Corps now in session in this city, appear before you to tender you a formal greeting, and in compliance with this pleasant duty we assure you we esteem it an honor second to none to be members of your auxiliary, the Woman's Relief Corps, and we come again to pledge our lasting fealty and unswerving allegiance to the Grand Army of the Republic, recognizing the fact that before us is a part of the grandest organization in existence, and history tells of none greater.

Your name implies hardships on the field of battle, where perchance long lines of prave boys have melted away before the enemy's guns like snowflakes in the noonday sun, and those of you who were spared from the fearful carnage came marching back proudly to your homes and loved ones, bearing aloft that dear old flag for which you had made so many sacrifices and defended so bravely, without the loss of a single star, which fact proclaimed to all the

world one flag, one country, one people and liberty to all.

As a reward for your service you have the love and receive the homage of a grateful people, and in ages to come your deeds of valor and heroism will stand as a beacon to light the way to liberty

and freedom to the oppressed of every land.

We come bearing greetings from 295 members of the Woman's Relief Corps, a mere infant in number, but full grown in our patriotism and fidelity to those left us to cherish and protect, but as the infant can only become strong by the nourishing care of the parent, so we can gain strength and influence only through the encouragement and protection of our parent organization, the Grand Army of the Republic.

It is for you, dear comrades, to decide whether or not we as an It is for you, wear shall keep step with you in the march of exorganization in Texas shall keep step with you in the march of expressing our motto, fraternity, charity and lovalty and organization in Texto, fraternity, charity and loyalty, and may we emplifying our motto, fraternity, charity and loyalty, and may we emplifying our sixth set of annual encampment resolutions. emplifying our most. Set of annual encampment resolutions to go not hope that your sixth set of annual encampment resolutions to go and organize a Woman's Relief Corps at once tologo not hope that you a Woman's Relief Corps at once take a deeper home and organize a Cocasions and grow up into a street home and organize occasions and grow up into a strong working root than on former occasions and grow will be a significant which if not exactly a thing of beauty will be a significant former occasions and grow up into a strong working root than on former at thing of beauty will be a joy forever.

eorps, which if not exactly a thing of beauty will be a joy forever.

eorps, and observe the beneficent effect it will have eorps, which it not the beneficent effect it will have upon the old try it, and observe the widowers and bachelors. Try it, and observe the widowers and bachelors. I speak from comrades, especially the widowers and bachelors. I speak from comrades, especial some of Nat. Lyon Post comrades present can testify.

"And while you live our grateful hearts Shall still this pledge renew: All honor and love for those Who wore the union blue."

MRS. E. A. R. WILLIAMS.

On the conclusion of her address she was highly complimented by Commander Moore and a rising vote of thanks was given her. After the retirement of the ladies a committee was appointed to wait upon the ladies of the W. R. C. and thank them for their hearty co-operation during the past year.

When the hour of 4 P. M. was reached, comrade Parks moved to reconsider his motion for nomination made in the forenoon and amend so as to go into election as well as nomination now. The motion to reconsider was seconded, discussed and carried. The motion to amend, so as to elect now, was made and seconded and thoroughly discussed and passed.

Comrade Sargeant of Galveston, Post No. 2, as the Posts were called, placed W. W. Bostwick of Post No. 5 in nomination. Comrade Sargeant first declined a nomination himself, but warmly and strongly advocated comrade Bostwick's claims.

Comrades Kretzinger and Crowley of Nat. Lyon Post,

and McCormick of Post No. 11, Dallas, seconded Bost. wick's nomination with enthusiasm.

Comrade H. C. Adler of Post No. 13 of Terrell placed John Roch of Post No. 55 of Dublin in nomination for Commander, in a cordial and forcible speech.

Comrade H. E. Conger of Post No. 70 placed comrade W. A. Carnahan of the same Post in nomination for Commander. Comrade Carnahan declined.

Tellers were appointed, and while ballots were being prepared comrade Roch urged his friends to allow him to withdraw, but they refused to do so.

RESULT OF BALLOT.

W. W. Bostwick															60
John Roch															15
								,						_	_
Total															75

The Commander announced the result that Bostwick was elected Commander for the ensuing year.

Roch then moved to make his election unanimous. This was done with a hurrah.

Commander elect Bostwick then came forward and thanked his comrades for the honors conferred.

The next office to be filled being that of Senior Vice-Commander, comrade McCune of Davy Crockett Post of Waco nominated H. E. Conger. The rules were suspended and the Adjutant General directed to cast the vote of the encampment for comrade H. E. Conger which was done, and he was declared the Senior Vice-Commander of the Department for the coming year.

Past Commander Mann then nominated R. P. Sargeant of Post No. 2 of Galveston as Junior Vice-Commander, and the vote of the encampment was cast for him by the

Assistant Adjutant General and he was declared the Junior

Comrade McKay of Dallas nominated Dr. W. P. Flem-Vice-Commander. ming of Post No. 25 as Medical Director, and he was

elected and so declared by order of the encampment. Comrade Roch placed the Rev. T. K. Crowley, the present Department Chaplain, in nomination for Department Chaplain again. He was elected with applause, and so declared.

COUNCIL OF ADMINISTRATION.

Commander Moore appointed comrades Mann, Peterson and Boyd a committee to nominate a Council of Administration. This committee recommended comrades H. E. Adler of Terrell, A. McWhirk of Dallas, M. F. Hiatt of Belton and T. W. Manchester of Fort Worth, and they were elected by the encampment.

Delegates to the National Encampment were then elected as follows: Horace Welsh, Delegate-at-Large; John Roch, Delegate; J. L. Tygard, Alternate-at-Large; H. T. Rue, Alternate.

The encampment then adjourned to meet at 9 A. M., the 24th, having practically completed its business in one day's session, a result never accomplished before.

After adjournment the Commander-in-Chief and staff, and Department Commander and staff, attended the drill and parade of the Baylor cadets, when Lieut. Buck fired an artillery salute.

At night a grand campfire was held. It was given by comrade Gardner Work at his home at College Heights. Comrade Work resides on a cedar-covered plateau overlooking the Brazos river. The cedar trees were dangling and sparkling with incandescent lights and the grounds, of several acres in extent, were covered with tents. The Grand Army and the Woman's Relief Corps together, confederate veterans and ladies made up the immense crowd. There was speaking, music and dancing and a bivouac supper with hot coffee from camp kettles served with hard tack. Comrade Work and his wife were assisted in serving the guests by the local ladies of the Relief Corps and several members of the Daughters of the Confederacy.

The hard tack for the occasion was furnished by Gen. Frank Wheaton, Commander of the Department of Texas at San Antonio, to remind the boys of auld lang syne.



THIRD DAY.

Commander Moore opened the encampment in due form at 9 A. M., the 24th.

A telegram from the Business Men's Club of San Antonio was read as follows:

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, APRIL 22, 1895.

To Col. R. M. Moore, Pacific Hotel, Waco:

The Business Men's Club, in session to-day, sends warm greeting to the encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic, and invites them to meet in San Antonio next year.

H. L. Benson, Secretary.

This was received and filed with a vote of thanks, and a further statement that had the invitation come sooner, the encampment would have been glad to have entertained it.

The committee on resolutions read the following:

Resolved, That the Adjutant General and Commander are hereby authorized to compile and publish the Proceedings of this the Tenth Annual Encampment, and that the sum of \$20 be allowed for said services.

Carried.

Resolved, That a vote of thanks is hereby tendered T. W. Manchester for his efficient services as an assistant to the Assistant Adjutant General.

Carried

The following resolutions were all enthusiastically endorsed:

WHEREAS. The members of this encampment have every means of knowing concerning fraudulent cases of pension, therefore,

Resolved, That we solemnly declare that to our knowledge not a single case of fraudulent pension drawing exists in the whole State of Texas. Further,

Resolved, That we hold and have ever held ourselves ready to publish any such cases that may come to our information.

McKAY.

Resolved, That we tender our heartfelt thanks to the Woman's Relief Corps of Waco, to the Pat. Cleburne Picket, and Davy Crockett Post of Waco, and particularly to comrades Conger, Carnahan, McCune and Hoeffner, for their ardent and effectual efforts in making this one of our most successful encampments;

Resolved, That the tenth encampment hereby tenders to Mayor McCulloch, the common council, and the citizens of Waco our sincere thanks for their generous hospitality. We, the old soldiers, feel that

"When death's dark river is ferried o'er— A time that surely will come— In heaven itself we ask no more, Than just a Waco welcome."

And, resolved further, That we tender our thanks to the Press of Waco, and to the Dallas News, for their kind, liberal and fair reports of the proceedings of our encampment.

Resolved, That we hereby request the Commander-in-Chief to place comrade Carnahan on his staff.

A collection was taken to reimburse the comrades of Davy Crockett Post for expenses incurred in publishing the Grand Army Encampment Gazette.

INSTALLATION.

The business of the encampment having been finished Commander Moore requested Commander Mann, as the Senior Past Commander present, to install the newly

elected officers.

Past Commander Mann then took the chair, and appointed comrade James M. Steere of Dallas Officer of the Day and directed him to present the officers elect, and at the same time requested the Commander elect to name his Assistant Adjutant General, and Assistant Quartermaster General. He appointed E. L. Witman Assistant Adjutant General, and John L. Boyd Assistant Quartermaster General.

Thereupon all these officers, except the Medical Director, w. P. Fleming of Georgetown, not present, were duly

installed, as follows:

W. W. Bostwick, . . Denison, Dep't Commander H. E. Conger, Waco, Senior Vice-Commander R. P. Sargeant, . . . Galveston, . . Junior Vice-Commander T. K. Crowley, . . . Denison, Dep't Chaplain

E. L. WITMAN, Denison, Ass't Adj't General

J. L. Boyd,.... Dallas, Ass't Q. M. General

At the conclusion of the installation the old boys broke out in joyous songs of the long ago.

Comrade E. H. Mayer of San Antonio recited a poem that recalled the days when we were young, and others followed with like reminders.

Comrade Greene of Wichita Falls sang: "We drank from the same canteen." His rich melodious voice captured the boys, and he was called out again and again, and the hall rang with the old melodies of war-times until time, that waits for no man, bade us separate. So Commander Bostwick called order with his gavel and commanded parade rest, and called on Past Commander

Moore to close with prayer, with which request he complied. So the Tenth Annual Encampment closed. Then the historic pipe of peace was passed around for each one to take a whiff.

W. H. ROBINSON,

Ass't Adj't General.

- MIMS